1. The doctor gave him some medication to .

2. Which is the plural form of "medication"?

3. Why is the plural form of "medication".

4. (a) things (b) many (c) plans (d) plans
   (e) plans (f) plans

5. An antioxidant is one who is interested in the study of:
   (a) clever (b) intelligent (c) dangerous
   (d) dangerous (e) protective

6. Power of their will to speak, clothing. This is the place of a man who is:
   (a) Penny wise and pound foolish (b) Speak will and have to speak
   (c) Protection is better than cure (d) Something is better than none
   (e) None

7. One of the following properties means almost the same as "A fruit in time saves:
   (a) he becomes a philanthropist (b) he becomes a philanthropist
   (c) he becomes a philanthropist (d) he becomes a philanthropist
   (e) he becomes a philanthropist

8. Through several years of honest and hard work in the country, the man
   (a) than (b) than (c) than
   (d) when (e) when

9. A smoke had he struck a match when he entered the room. The room
   (a) packed over (b) packed over
   (c) packed up (d) packed up
   (e) moment

10. Mr. Shaw showed his scheduled lecture at the conference at the very last
   (a) scheduled (b) scheduled (c) scheduled
   (d) scheduled (e) scheduled
44. Which one of the following is the national animal of our country?

(a) Lion
(b) Tiger
(c) Elephant
(d) Zebu

45. Which one of the following states in India enjoys special constitutional position?

(a) Karnataka
(b) Andhra Pradesh
(c) Tamil Nadu
(d) Assam

46. Which one of the following suits in India enjoys special constitutional position?

(a) Original suits
(b) Writ suits
(c) Civil suits
(d) Criminal suits

47. Which one of the following is the capital of South Africa?

(a) Johannesburg
(b) Pretoria
(c) Cape Town
(d) Durban

48. The first election to Parliament was held in

(a) 1952
(b) 1953
(c) 1954
(d) 1955

49. The Constitution has provided for 33 1/3% reservation of seats for women in

(a) Lok Sabha
(b) Parliament
(c) State Legislature
(d) Parliament

50. The President, Parliament, Prime Minister of India may all be the Governor or Chief Commissioner of

(a) All Indian territories
(b) Union Territories
(c) Union Territories
(d) All Indian territories

51. The following are a) Assam
   b) Kerala
   c) Himachal Pradesh
   d) Arunachal Pradesh

52. The following are a) Hmong
   b) Tiang
   c) Zimpher
   d) Bhumihari

53. The following are a) Hindustan Teicums
   b) Administrative reforms
   c) Economic reforms
   d) Central State Reforms

54. The following are a) North-Eastern States
   b) North-Eastern States
   c) North-Eastern States
   d) North-Eastern States

55. The following are a) North-Eastern States
   b) North-Eastern States
   c) North-Eastern States
   d) North-Eastern States
54. The Constitution of India is often referred to as a "constitution with a soul." (G-8)

53. The amendment was written by:

- Indian Parliament
- West Bengal
- Karnataka
- Other

52. "Kamalnath", where widespread violence against Christians took place, is located in:

- Madhya Pradesh
- Tamil Nadu
- Andhra Pradesh
- Other

51. Which of the following is not an immediate neighbour of India?

- China
- Columbia
- Afghanistan
- Pakistan

50. The first law officer of the Government of India is the:

- Attorney General
- Home Minister
- Advocate General
- Chief Justice of Supreme Court

49. Which of the following states was recently affected in connection with a case of lynching?

- Haryana
- Tamil Nadu
- Andhra Pradesh
- Other

48. Which of the following countries is not a member of Group of Eight (G-8)?

- Germany
- Italy
- France
- Canada

47. The Founder of Whatis is:

- John Barrie
- John Macdonald
- Paul Krugman
- Other

46. Which of the following articles was recently amended in connection with a case of lynching?

- Article 29 of the Constitution
- Article 130 of the Constitution
- Article 15 of the Constitution
- Article 17 of the Constitution

45. Cultural and educational rights of minorities are guaranteed by mentioning:

- Right to Education
- Compulsory primary education
- Section 2(c) of the Constitution
- Article 14 of the Constitution
66. Choose the word which is opposite in gender to "VIZARID"?

(a) South
(b) West
(c) East
(d) North

67. Ann started walking from North-South. She turned right at the angle and again right at the angle in which direction was the initially moving?

(a) Northwestern
(b) Southwestern
(c) Southeastern
(d) Northern

68. Which one of the following hazardous chemicals cannot be handled after the Malaysian tragedy?

(a) Asbestos
(b) Lead
(c) Mercury
(d) Arsenic

69. Before the Independence of India, Dadasaheb Phalke Award were under the control of:

(a) Film Federation Council
(b) Indian Film Institute
(c) Film Academy
(d) Film Council

70. Which one of the following is a human rights organisation?

(a) Red Cross
(b) ICCR
(c) UNESCO
(d) WHO

72. The Philippines Development Bank is a political party of which of the following name?

(a) Communist
(b) Liberal
(c) Communist Party
(d) Green

73. The Millenium Development Goals are as follows that all UN member states have agreed to try to achieve by the year:

(a) 2010
(b) 2020
(c) 2030
(d) 2017
Which one of the following pairs of same share a similar status of their border with

70. Which one of the following pairs of same share a similar status of their border with

71. National Program of Nutritional Support to Primary Education is also known as

72. The desert port in India is

73. Find the odd one out:

74. Choose the correct letter to complete the sentence: TEB TFK TZO TZ

75. Find the odd one out:

76. The brightest planet in the solar system is

77. The Headquarters of the Indian Channel was

78. The Baha'ites, Christians, Advais, Sikhs and Buddhists

79. Which are the following religious communities are located in India?

80. Which one of the following religious communities is located in India?

81. Reproductive

82. Reproductive

83. Human

84. Cardiovascular

85. HIV

86. Primarily which one of the following sections of the body is attacked by the

87. Bem

88. Sum

89. Vena

90. Hec tooth

91. South Asia

92. Southeast Asia

93. South Asia

94. Southeast Asia

95. South Asia

96. Southeast Asia

97. South Asia

98. Southeast Asia

99. South Asia

100. Southeast Asia
The next line problem should be divided through disease.